Object-Oriented Programming

Lab #2

Box of particles



y



x



a particle

N

NE

E

SE

S

SW

W

NW

Imagine that we have a box to store particles. Initially, we place randomly 3 particles in that box. After each step, these particles will move freely inside the box. If two particles collide, a new particle will be placed randomly in the box.

We want to simulate the movement particles for n steps and count the number of particles in the box.

Implement a box of particles (write a class of box, a class for particle) in such a way that

1. A box has a fixed size: fixed width and height (10pts)
2. Each particle has a position (x, y) where 0 ≤ x ≤ width of the box, and 0 ≤ y ≤ height of the box (10pts)
3. A particle can move in one of the directions below but cannot move out of the box (20pts).

+ North (decreasing its y by 1),

+ North East (decreasing its y by 1 and increasing its x by 1),

+ East (increasing its x by 1),

+ South East (increasing its y by 1 and increasing its x by 1)

+ South (increasing its y by 1),

+ South West (increasing its y by 1 and decreasing its x by 1), + West (decreasing its x by 1),

+ North West (decreasing its y by 1 and decreasing its x by 1) Hint: declare an enum type for Direction

1. If two particles collide, a new particle will be placed randomly in the box(20pts)

and a class for simulation where for each step,

1. It makes all particles in the box move (5pts)
2. It shows the number of particles in the box (5pts)
3. It visualizes the box with particles inside (10pts)\*

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1. Search about singleton pattern and make the box as a singleton (20pts)

// MAIN CLASS

public class ParticleSimulation {

public static void main(String[] args) {

Simulation s = new Simulation();

for (int i = 0; i < 40; i++) {

s.move();

s.visualize();

}

}

}

//SIMULATION CLASS

public class Simulation {

private Box box;

private Particle[] P = new Particle[500];

private int count;

public Simulation() {

box = new Box(30, 11);

count = 0;

while (count < 3) {

P[count] = new Particle(box);

count++;

}

}

public int getParticleCount() {return count;}

public void move() {

for (int i = 0; i < count; i++) {

P[i].move();

}

boolean part[][] = new boolean[box.getWidth() + 1][box.getHeight() + 1];

boolean collide = false;

for (int i = 0; i < count; i++) {

int x = P[i].getX();

int y = P[i].getY();

if (part[x][y]) {collide = true; break;}

part[x][y] = true;

}

if (collide && count < 500) {

P[count] = new Particle(box);

count++;

}

}

public void visualize() {

int w = box.getWidth();

int h = box.getHeight();

int numberofp = 0;

// BOX CLASS

public class Box {

private int width, height;

public Box(int w, int h) {

width = w;

height = h;

System.out.printf("Box with <%d> in width

and <%d> in height\n", width, height);

System.out.printf("\n3 Random Particles");

}

public int getWidth() {return width;}

public int getHeight() {return height;}

}

// PARTICLE CLASS

import java.util.Random;

public class Particle {

private int x\_velo, y\_velo;

private int x\_box, y\_box;

private Random rng = new Random();

public Particle(int x, int y, Box b) {

x\_velo = x;

y\_velo = y;

x\_box = b.getWidth();

y\_box = b.getHeight();

System.out.printf("\nRandom Particles <%d, %d>",

x\_velo, y\_velo);

}

public Particle(Box b) {

x\_box = b.getWidth();

y\_box = b.getHeight();

x\_velo = rng.nextInt(x\_box);

y\_velo = rng.nextInt(y\_box);

System.out.printf("\nRandom Particles <%d, %d>\n",

x\_velo, y\_velo);

}

public int getX() {return x\_velo;}

public int getY() {return y\_velo;}

public void move() {

int x = rng.nextInt(2) - 1;

int y = rng.nextInt(2) - 1;

if (x\_velo + x >= 0 && x\_velo + x <= x\_box &&

y\_velo + y >= 0 && y\_velo + y <= y\_box) {

x\_velo += x;

y\_velo += y;

}

}

}

//Continute the SIMULATION CLASS

boolean part[][] = new boolean[w + 1][h + 1];

for (int i = 0; i < count; i++) {

int x = P[i].getX();

int y = P[i].getY();

part[x][y] = true;

}

System.out.println("\nVisualization and the new position of Particles: ");

for (int i = -1; i <= h+1; i++) {

if (i == -1 || i == h+1) {

for (int j = -1; j <= w+1; j++) {

System.out.print("-");

}

System.out.println();

} else {

System.out.print("|");

for (int j = 0; j <= w; j++) {

if (part[j][i]) {

System.out.print("\*");

numberofp++;

} else {

System.out.print(" ");

}

}

System.out.println("|");

}

}

System.out.println("=> The number of particles: " +numberofp);

System.out.println("\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_");

}

}